

## FISTULA DEATH REPORTING FORM

Produced by: The Department of clinical Services

Ministry of Health

Government of Uganda

December 2012

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### **ABBREVIATIONS**

VVF Vesico-Vaginal Fistula

RVF Recto-Vaginal Fistula

UDHS Uganda Demographic Health Survey

EmONC Emergency Obstetric and new born Care

VHT Village Health Team

HSD Health Sub-District

CBO Community Based Organisation

SHG Self Help Group

IEC Information Education and Communication

BCC Behaviour Change Communication

TWG Technical Working Group

MOH Ministry of Health

DHT District Health Team

SRHR Sexual and Reproductive health and Rights

FBO Faith Based Organisation

MNH Maternal and Newborn Health

YFHS Youth Friendly Health Services

PNFP Private Not For Profit

ANC Antenatal Care

CBT Competency based training

FP Family Planning

HIV Human Immunodeficiency virus

IP Infection Prevention

PNA Performance needs assessment

### **FOREWORD**

The government has instituted measures to accelerate the reduction of maternal morbidity and mortality including the development of the Roadmap to accelerate reduction of maternal and neonatal morbidity and mortality, increasing funding for reproductive health commodities, increasing the number of regional referral hospitals and improving the capacity of existing regional referral hospitals, and earmarking funds for reproductive health. As we endevour to deliver on the outputs of the Roadmap, we still have women succumbing to complications of pregnancy and in particular obstetric fistula.

Obstetric fistula is the single most important complication of pregnancy. A typical victim of this glaring condition is a young girl that is poor, illiterate and from a rural area. In 2006, 2.63% of women of reproductive age reported to have experienced symptoms of obstetric fistula immediately after birth.

By developing these fistula death reporting tool for Treatment and Prevention of Female Genital Fistulae Services in Uganda, the government and Ministry of Health is reiterating its commitment towards eliminating this condition through audit and best practice. This tool is intended to guide policy makers, service providers and all stakeholders in auditing, identifying possible causes of death and acting on recommendations during treatment and care of female genital fistulae.

I therefore, call upon all stakeholders from Government, Civil Society, Private sector and Development Partners to utilize this tool in fistula care and management

Dr Jane Aceng Director General of Health Services Ministry of Health

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The development of these guidelines was led by the Clinical Department of the Ministry of Health in collaboration with other departments and divisions at the Ministry of Health. Our appreciation goes to EngenderHealth, UNFPA and AMREF for financial and technical assistance rendered to the development of these guidelines.

Special tribute goes to the members of the Fistula Technical Working Group that were tirelessly involved in the development of this document:

Dr Jacinto Amandua, Dr Jackson Amone, Dr Opar Bernard.T, Dr Ampeire Immaculate, Mr. Eric Kakole, Dr Kadowa Isaac, Dr Tusingwire Collins, Dr Anthony Sikyatta, Dr Ssentumbwe Olive, Ms. Mukisa Edith, Dr Mukasa Peter, Ms. Joslyn Meier, Dr Mukisa Rose, Dr Ismail Ndifuna, Dr Wilfred Ochan, Dr Maura Lynch, Dr Barageine Justus, Dr Alia Godfrey, Dr Frank Asiimwe, Dr Ahimbisibwe Assa, Dr Odong Emintone, Dr Agel Yuventine, Dr Susan Wandera, Dr Waswa Ssalongo, Dr Kayondo Musa, Dr Mihayo Placid, Dr Busingye Pricilla, Dr Otim Tom, Dr Osinde Michael, Dr Banya Francis, Dr Kimera Charles, Dr Andrew Balyeku, Dr Kirya Fred, Dr Mwanje Haruna, Dr Byamugisha Josaphat, Dr Bawakanya Mayanja Stephene, Dr Adupa Drake, Ms. Joan Kabayambi, Dr Peter Waiswa, Dr Obore Susan, Dr Engenye Charles, Maikut Irene, Dr Olupot Robert.

It is hoped that this tool will be used to guide all stakeholders in auditing deaths during fistula treatment and care in Uganda.

Dr Amandua Jacinto Commissioner Clinical Services Ministry of Health

# **INSTRUCTIONS AND REPORT**

Date of Report
Instructions The mortality report must be filled in 2 phases. Phase 1. Immediate notification of the death should be made to the relevant immediate supervisor or head (head of department/Incharge/director) by the person who witnessed the death. The initial mortality report must be made/filled within 3 days of the health facility being aware of the death. The report should be sent to the head (head of department/Incharge/director)
Phase 2: The detailed mortality report must be made within 2 weeks of health facility learning of death and following comprehensive discussions and clinical reviews. This report should be sent to the MoH by the Incharge/Director
N.B: Every death must be discussed within the health facility.
Health FacilityLevel
Name of Incharge/Director.
Name of patient IP NO. Age: Height Weight.  Marital status. Address District Subcounty
ParishVillage
Name of next of KinRelationship  Contact of next of Kin

Date of fistula treatment related procedure (day/month/yr)
Date of death
Name of health facility where surgery procedure was performed
D '4
Parity
Date of last delivery.
Date of onset of fistula.
Name of health facility where complication that led to death occurred
Date of onset of complication that led to death day month year
Operating surgeon's level of competency
Loyal of Apparthation
Level of Anaesthetist
Relevant medical history
Pre-operative physical findings
Dra aparativa lah findinga
Pre-operative lab findings
Type of precedure(s)
Type of procedure(s)
Type of an aasth asia (places simple)
Type of anaesthesia (please circle)

- i.
- ii.
- General
  Spinal/epidural
  Local with sedation iii.
- Local without sedation iv.

v. Other ana	esthesia/sedation,	specify					
Endo-tracheal intubation: yes or no?							
If death is thought to be related to surgery, please complete the tables below							
List/table of anac	esthetic agents, sec	latives and muscle	relaxants				
Time	agent						
Table of vital sign	ns during surgery						
Time	BP	pulse	Respiratory rate	remarks			
		1	1 3				
_	ery, total time spen		minutesedure				
Time	BP	Pulse	Respiratory rate	remarks			
	ı		ı				
Include all sympt complication/s from referral stations e Whenever possib	oms, differential d	iagnoses and action of a problem under of each occurrence	_				

23. Recommendations by health facility to reduce risk or similar incidents in future
COMMENTS:
Head of Department or Unit
Diameter/In all and
Director/In-charge
Name of person filling out report.
Title
Signature

